

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 226

DIGEST OF SB 226 (Updated February 26, 2008 7:42 pm - DI 75)

Citations Affected: IC 8-1; IC 8-1.5.

Synopsis: Municipal utilities; utility services provided by landlords. Provides that a municipality that seeks to sell or dispose of nonsurplus municipally owned utility property must adopt an ordinance appointing three Indiana residents to serve as appraisers, as follows: (1) One disinterested person who is a licensed engineer. (2) One disinterested persons who is a licensed appraiser. (3) One disinterested person who is either a licensed engineer or a licensed appraiser. (Current law provides for the appointment of one disinterested freeholder who is a resident of the municipality and two disinterested licensed appraisers). Eliminates the requirement that one of the licensed appraisers must reside not more than 50 miles from the property. Provides that if the municipality decides to proceed with the sale or disposition after the return of the appraisal, the municipality shall, not later than 45 days after the return of the appraisal, hold a public hearing to do the (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2008.

Hershman, Mishler, Kruse

(HOUSE SPONSORS — WELCH, BELL, CROOKS)

January 8, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Utilities & Regulatory

January 24, 2008, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.
January 28, 2008, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.
January 29, 2008, read third time, passed. Yeas 48, nays 0.

HOUSE ACTION
February 4, 2008, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.
February 21, 2008, amended, reported — Do Pass.
February 26, 2008, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.











following: (1) Review and explain the appraisal. (2) Receive public comment on the proposed sale or disposition. (3) Adopt an ordinance for the sale or disposition. (Current law: (1) requires the municipality to publish notice of a hearing on the ordinance not later than 15 days after the return of the appraisal; and (2) prohibits the municipality from holding the hearing until 30 days after the notice is given.) Provides that the municipality is not required to adopt an ordinance if, after the hearing, the municipality determines it is not in the interest of the municipality to proceed with the sale or disposition. Allows a municipality to proceed to sell or dispose of the property if: (1) the municipality adopts an ordinance providing for the sale or disposition; and (2) a petition opposing the sale or disposition is not filed within 30 days after the notice of hearing. (Current law provides that a municipality shall proceed to sell or dispose of the property if a petition is not filed within the 30 day period.) Provides that a municipal utility may not issue bonds, notes, or other obligations without the approval of the utility regulatory commission (IURC) if the bonds, notes, or other obligations are payable more than 12 months after their execution. (Current law requires the IURC to approve any bond issue of a municipal utility.) Provides that a landlord that distributes water or sewage disposal service from a public or municipally owned utility to one or more dwelling units is not a public utility solely by reason of engaging in such activity if: (1) the landlord bills tenants separately from rent for the services distributed; (2) the total charge for the services is not more than what the landlord paid the utility for the same services, less the landlord's own use; and (3) the landlord provides the tenant with a written disclosure that meets specified requirements. Provides that a complaint may be filed with the utility regulatory commission (IURC) alleging that a landlord is acting as a public utility. Requires the IURC to: (1) consider the complaint; and (2) if the IURC considers it to be necessary, enter an order requiring a billing adjustment.











Second Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2008)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2007 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 226

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning utilities and transportation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

a landlord or a person acting on a landlord's behalf.
1, 2008]: Sec. 1.2. (a) As used in this section, "landlord" refers to
AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-1.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE

- (b) A landlord that distributes water or sewage disposal service from a public utility or a municipally owned utility to one (1) or more dwelling units is not a public utility solely by reason of engaging in this activity if the landlord complies with all of the following:
 - (1) The landlord bills tenants, separately from rent, for:
- (A) the water or sewage disposal service distributed; and
- (B) any costs permitted by subsection (c).
 - (2) The total charge for the services described in subdivision (b)(1)(A) is not more than what the landlord paid the utility for the same services, less the landlord's own use.
 - (3) The landlord makes a disclosure to the tenant that satisfies subsection (d). A disclosure required by this subdivision must

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1	be in:	
2	(A) the lease;	
3	(B) the tenant's first bill; or	
4	(C) a writing separate from the lease signed by the tenant	
5	before entering into the lease.	
6	(c) A landlord may charge only the following costs under	
7	subsection (b)(1)(B):	
8	(1) A reasonable initial set-up fee.	
9	(2) A reasonable administrative fee that may not exceed four	_
10	dollars (\$4) per month.	
11	(3) A reasonable fee for the return for insufficient funds of an	
12	instrument in payment of charges.	•
13	(d) A disclosure required by subsection (b)(3) must:	
14	(1) be printed using a font that is not smaller than the largest	
15	font used in the lease; and	
16	(2) include the following:	
17	(A) A description of the water or sewage disposal services	١
18	to be provided.	
19	(B) An itemized statement of the fees that will be charged	
20	as permitted under subsection (c).	
21	(C) The following statement: "If you believe you are being	
22	charged in violation of this disclosure or if you believe you	
23	are being billed in excess of the utility services provided to	
24	you as described in this disclosure, you have a right under	_
25	Indiana law to file a complaint with the Indiana Utility	
26	Regulatory Commission. You may contact the Commission	
27	at (insert phone number for the tenant to contact the	١
28	Commission).".	1
29	(e) If a complaint is filed under section 34.5 or 54 of this chapter	1
30	alleging that a landlord may be acting as a public utility in	
31	violation of this section, the commission shall:	
32	(1) consider the issue; and	
33	(2) if the commission considers necessary, enter an order	
34	requiring that billing be adjusted to comply with this section.	
35	SECTION 2. IC 8-1.5-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2006,	
36	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
37	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. Whenever the municipal legislative body	
38	determines to sell or otherwise dispose of nonsurplus municipally	
39	owned utility property, it shall by ordinance or resolution, by a	
40	two-thirds (2/3) vote, provide for the following:	
41	(1) The appointment, as follows, of three (3) residents of	
42	Indiana to sarva as annraisars:	



1	(A) One (1) disinterested freeholder residing in the
2	municipality; and person who is an engineer licensed under
3	IC 25-31-1.
4	(B) Two (2) One (1) disinterested appraisers appraiser
5	licensed under IC 25-34.1.
6	who are residents of Indiana;
7	(C) One disinterested person who is either:
8	(i) an engineer licensed under IC 25-31-1; or
9	(ii) an appraiser licensed under IC 25-34.1.
10	(2) The appraisal of the property. and
11	(3) The time that the appraisal is due.
12	One (1) of the appraisers appointed under subdivision (1)(B) must
13	reside not more than fifty (50) miles from the property.
14	SECTION 3. IC 8-1.5-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Each
16	appraiser appointed as provided by section 4 of this chapter must:
17	(1) by education and experience, have such expert and technical
18	knowledge and qualifications as to make a proper appraisal and
19	valuation of the property of the type and nature involved in the
20	sale;
21	(2) be a disinterested person; and
22	(3) not be a resident or taxpayer of the municipality.
23	(b) The appraisers shall:
24	(1) be sworn to make a just and true valuation of the property; and
25	(2) return their appraisal, in writing, to the municipal legislative
26	body within the time fixed by the ordinance or resolution
27	appointing them.
28	(c) If all three (3) appraisers cannot agree as to the appraised value,
29	the appraisal, when signed by two (2) of the appraisers, constitutes a
30	good and valid appraisal.
31	(d) Not later than fifteen (15) days If, after the return of the
32	appraisal by the appraisers to the legislative body, the legislative body
33	decides to proceed with the sale or disposition of the nonsurplus
34	municipally owned utility property, the legislative body shall, not
35	later than forty-five (45) days after the return of the appraisal,
36	hold a public hearing to do the following:
37	(1) Review and explain the appraisal.
38	(2) Receive public comment on the proposed sale or
39	disposition of the nonsurplus municipally owned utility
40	property.
41	(3) Adopt an ordinance providing for the sale or disposition of
42	the nonsurplus municipally owned utility property. The



1	legislative body is not required to adopt an ordinance under
2	this subdivision if, after the hearing, the legislative body
3	determines it is not in the interest of the municipality to
4	proceed with the sale or disposition.
5	Notice of a the hearing on an ordinance providing for sale or
6	disposition of the property and the total valuation of the property as
7	fixed by the appraisement shall be published in the manner prescribed
8	by IC 5-3-1.
9	(e) The hearing on the ordinance providing for sale or disposition
10	may not be held for thirty (30) days after notice is given as required by
11	subsection (d).
12	(f) If:
13	(1) the legislative body adopts an ordinance under subsection
14	(d)(3); and
15	(2) within this the thirty (30) day period described in subsection
16	(e), at least the number of the registered voters of the municipality
17	required under IC 3-8-6-3 for a petition to place a candidate on
18	the ballot sign and present a petition to the legislative body
19	opposing the sale or disposition;
20	the legislative body shall submit the question as to whether the sale or
21	disposition shall be made to the voters of the municipality at a special
22	or general election. In submitting the public question to the voters, the
23	legislative body shall certify the question to the county election board
24	of the county containing the greatest percentage of population of the
25	municipality under IC 3-10-9-3. The county election board shall adopt
26	a resolution setting forth the text of the public question and shall
27	submit the question as to whether the sale or disposition shall be made
28	to the voters of the municipality at a special or general election on a
29	date specified by the municipal legislative body. Pending the results
30	of an election under this subsection, the municipality may not take
31	further action to sell or dispose of the property as provided in the
32	ordinance.
33	(g) If a majority of the voters voting on the question vote for the sale
34	or disposition, the legislative body shall proceed to sell the property
35	as provided in the ordinance.
36	(h) If a majority of the voters voting on the question vote against the
37	sale or disposition, the sale may not be made.
38	(i) If:
39	(1) the legislative body adopts an ordinance under subsection
40	(d)(3); and

(2) after the expiration of thirty (30) days as provided in



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subsection (e), a petition is not filed;

1	the municipal legislative body shall may proceed to sell the property
2	as provided in the ordinance.
3	SECTION 4. IC 8-1.5-2-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) After the
5	hearing required by section 5 of this chapter and before any election
6	that may be required by that section, The municipal legislative body
7	may adopt an ordinance providing adopted by the municipal
8	legislative body under section 5(d) of this chapter must provide for:
9	(1) the sale or disposition of the municipally owned utility
10	property;
11	(2) the manner of the sale or disposition ;
12	(3) the price, terms, and conditions of the sale or disposition ,
13	which must be consistent with any contractual obligations
14	previously incurred under IC 8-1-2.2; and
15	(4) the officer or officers who are to execute the proper
16	documents conveying title on behalf of the municipality.
17	(b) The property may not be sold for less than its full appraised
18	value, as set forth in the appraisal, less the amount of any bonds, liens,
19	or other indebtedness due upon the property, and only in accordance
20	with contractual obligations incurred under IC 8-1-2.2. The
21	indebtedness shall either:
22	(1) be paid in accordance with the terms and conditions of the
23	instruments governing the indebtedness before the sale; or
24	(2) be assumed and paid by the purchaser as part of the purchase
25	price of the property.
26	(c) This subsection applies if a municipal legislative body adopts an
27	ordinance for the sale or disposition of municipally owned utility real
28	property by acceptance of bids. A bid submitted by a trust (as defined
29	in IC 30-4-1-1(a)) must identify each:
30	(1) beneficiary of the trust; and
31	(2) settlor empowered to revoke or modify the trust.
32	(d) The proceeds of any sale under this chapter shall be paid into the
33	treasury of the municipality making the sale and become part of the
34	general fund.
35	SECTION 5. IC 8-1.5-2-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19. (a) A
37	municipality may not issue bonds, notes, or other obligations under this
38	chapter without the approval of the commission if the bond, notes, or
39	other obligations are payable more than twelve (12) months after



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41 42 their execution, except as authorized by IC 8-1-2.2-11.

(b) If the evidence presented to the commission establishes that the

rates and charges proposed by the municipally owned utility will

1	provide sufficient funds for the operation, maintenance, and
2	depreciation of the utility, and to pay the principal and interest of the
3	proposed bond issue, together with a surplus or margin of at least ten
4	percent (10%) in excess, the commission shall so certify in its order
5	approving the issuance of bonds.
6	SECTION 6. IC 8-1.5-2-19.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19.5. If a
8	municipality desires to purchase and install equipment for its utility
9	which requires more than three (3) months lead time for the supplier to
.0	make such equipment and installation available, the legislative body
1	may, by ordinance, approve a contract therefor even though it does not
2	have sufficient funds appropriated or on hand to pay for such purchase
3	if the utility:
4	(1) has annual net operating revenues for the immediately
.5	preceding calendar year sufficient to permit the municipality:
6	(A) to pay the principal of and interest on an issue of its utility
7	revenue bonds in the principal amount necessary to fund such
. 8	purchase (including engineering costs, legal costs, and costs of
9	bond issuance associated therewith); and
20	(B) a margin of safety which it deems necessary to market
21	such bonds on acceptable terms;
22	(2) if required by section 19 of this chapter, has received
23	approval from the commission to issue bonds, notes, or other
24	obligations sufficient to fund such purchase; or
2.5	(3) has received approval from the commission to raise its rates
26	and charges in an amount sufficient to permit the issuance of said
27	bonds.
28	SECTION 7. An emergency is declared for this act.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Utilities and Regulatory Affairs, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 226, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 2 through 3 with "[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]".

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 17, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 1. IC 8-1.5-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2006, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. Whenever the municipal legislative body determines to sell or otherwise dispose of nonsurplus municipally owned utility property, it shall by ordinance or resolution, by a two-thirds (2/3) vote, provide for **the following:**

- (1) The appointment, as follows, of three (3) residents of Indiana to serve as appraisers:
 - (A) One (1) disinterested freeholder residing in the municipality; and person who is an engineer licensed under IC 25-31-1.
 - (B) Two (2) disinterested appraisers licensed under IC 25-34.1.

who are residents of Indiana;

- (2) The appraisal of the property. and
- (3) The time that the appraisal is due.

One (1) of the appraisers appointed under subdivision (1)(B) must reside not more than fifty (50) miles from the property.".

Page 2, delete lines 1 through 2.

Page 3, line 10, reset in roman "shall".

Page 3, line 10, delete "may".

Page 4, delete lines 8 through 11, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 4. An emergency is declared for this act.".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 226 as introduced.)

HERSHMAN, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 7, Nays 0.

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SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senator Kruse be added as coauthor of Engrossed Senate Bill 226.

HERSHMAN

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Local Government, to which was referred Senate Bill 226, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 16, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 1. IC 8-1.5-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2006, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. Whenever the municipal legislative body determines to sell or otherwise dispose of nonsurplus municipally owned utility property, it shall by ordinance or resolution, by a two-thirds (2/3) vote, provide for **the following:**

- (1) The appointment, as follows, of three (3) residents of Indiana to serve as appraisers:
 - (A) One (1) disinterested freeholder residing in the municipality; and person who is an engineer licensed under IC 25-31-1.
 - (B) Two (2) One (1) disinterested appraisers appraiser licensed under IC 25-34.1.

who are residents of Indiana;

- (C) One disinterested person who is either:
 - (i) an engineer licensed under IC 25-31-1; or
 - (ii) an appraiser licensed under IC 25-34.1.
- (2) The appraisal of the property. and
- (3) The time that the appraisal is due.

One (1) of the appraisers appointed under subdivision (1)(B) must reside not more than fifty (50) miles from the property.".

Page 2, line 2, delete "4(1)(B)" and insert "4 4(1)".











Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 226 as printed January 25, 2008.)

SMITH V, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 0.

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 226 be amended to read as follows:

Page 2, delete lines 5 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 2. IC 8-1.5-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Each appraiser appointed as provided by section 4 of this chapter must:

- (1) by education and experience, have such expert and technical knowledge and qualifications as to make a proper appraisal and valuation of the property of the type and nature involved in the sale;
- (2) be a disinterested person; and
- (3) not be a resident or taxpayer of the municipality.
- (b) The appraisers shall:
 - (1) be sworn to make a just and true valuation of the property; and
 - (2) return their appraisal, in writing, to the municipal legislative body within the time fixed by the **ordinance or** resolution appointing them.
- (c) If all three (3) appraisers cannot agree as to the appraised value, the appraisal, when signed by two (2) of the appraisers, constitutes a good and valid appraisal.
- (d) Not later than fifteen (15) days If, after the return of the appraisal by the appraisers to the legislative body, the legislative body decides to proceed with the sale or disposition of the nonsurplus municipally owned utility property, the legislative body shall, not later than forty-five (45) days after the return of the appraisal, hold a public hearing to do the following:
 - (1) Review and explain the appraisal.
 - (2) Receive public comment on the proposed sale or disposition of the nonsurplus municipally owned utility property.
 - (3) Adopt an ordinance providing for the sale or disposition of

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the nonsurplus municipally owned utility property. The legislative body is not required to adopt an ordinance under this subdivision if, after the hearing, the legislative body determines it is not in the interest of the municipality to proceed with the sale or disposition.

Notice of a **the** hearing on an ordinance providing for sale or disposition of the property and the total valuation of the property as fixed by the appraisement shall be published in the manner prescribed by IC 5-3-1.

- (e) The hearing on the ordinance providing for sale or disposition may not be held for thirty (30) days after notice is given as required by subsection (d).
 - (f) If:
 - (1) the legislative body adopts an ordinance under subsection (d)(3); and
 - (2) within this the thirty (30) day period described in subsection (e), at least the number of the registered voters of the municipality required under IC 3-8-6-3 for a petition to place a candidate on the ballot sign and present a petition to the legislative body opposing the sale or disposition;

the legislative body shall submit the question as to whether the sale or disposition shall be made to the voters of the municipality at a special or general election. In submitting the public question to the voters, the legislative body shall certify the question to the county election board of the county containing the greatest percentage of population of the municipality under IC 3-10-9-3. The county election board shall adopt a resolution setting forth the text of the public question and shall submit the question as to whether the sale or disposition shall be made to the voters of the municipality at a special or general election on a date specified by the municipal legislative body. Pending the results of an election under this subsection, the municipality may not take further action to sell or dispose of the property as provided in the ordinance.

- (g) If a majority of the voters voting on the question vote for the sale **or disposition**, the legislative body shall proceed to sell the property as provided in the ordinance.
- (h) If a majority of the voters voting on the question vote against the sale **or disposition**, the sale may not be made.
 - (i) If:
 - (1) the legislative body adopts an ordinance under subsection (d)(3); and
 - (2) after the expiration of thirty (30) days as provided in











subsection (e), a petition is not filed;

the municipal legislative body shall may proceed to sell the property as provided in the ordinance.".

Page 3, delete lines 1 through 19.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 226 as printed February 22, 2008.)

WELCH

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 226 be amended to read as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 8-1-2-1.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2008]: Sec. 1.2. (a) As used in this section, "landlord" refers to a landlord or a person acting on a landlord's behalf.

- (b) A landlord that distributes water or sewage disposal service from a public utility or a municipally owned utility to one (1) or more dwelling units is not a public utility solely by reason of engaging in this activity if the landlord complies with all of the following:
 - (1) The landlord bills tenants, separately from rent, for:
 - (A) the water or sewage disposal service distributed; and
 - (B) any costs permitted by subsection (c).
 - (2) The total charge for the services described in subdivision (b)(1)(A) is not more than what the landlord paid the utility for the same services, less the landlord's own use.
 - (3) The landlord makes a disclosure to the tenant that satisfies subsection (d). A disclosure required by this subdivision must be in:
 - (A) the lease;
 - (B) the tenant's first bill; or
 - (C) a writing separate from the lease signed by the tenant before entering into the lease.
- (c) A landlord may charge only the following costs under subsection (b)(1)(B):
 - (1) A reasonable initial set-up fee.
 - (2) A reasonable administrative fee that may not exceed four

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dollars (\$4) per month.

- (3) A reasonable fee for the return for insufficient funds of an instrument in payment of charges.
- (d) A disclosure required by subsection (b)(3) must:
 - (1) be printed using a font that is not smaller than the largest font used in the lease; and
 - (2) include the following:
 - (A) A description of the water or sewage disposal services to be provided.
 - (B) An itemized statement of the fees that will be charged as permitted under subsection (c).
 - (C) The following statement: "If you believe you are being charged in violation of this disclosure or if you believe you are being billed in excess of the utility services provided to you as described in this disclosure, you have a right under Indiana law to file a complaint with the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission. You may contact the Commission at (insert phone number for the tenant to contact the Commission)."
- (e) If a complaint is filed under section 34.5 or 54 of this chapter alleging that a landlord may be acting as a public utility in violation of this section, the commission shall:
 - (1) consider the issue; and
 - (2) if the commission considers necessary, enter an order requiring that billing be adjusted to comply with this section."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 226 as printed February 22, 2008.)

CROOKS

HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 226 be amended to read as follows:

Page 4, between lines 9 and 10, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 4. IC 8-1.5-2-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19. (a) A municipality may not issue bonds, notes, or other obligations under this chapter without the approval of the commission if the bond, notes, or other obligations are payable more than twelve (12) months after

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their execution, except as authorized by IC 8-1-2.2-11.

(b) If the evidence presented to the commission establishes that the rates and charges proposed by the municipally owned utility will provide sufficient funds for the operation, maintenance, and depreciation of the utility, and to pay the principal and interest of the proposed bond issue, together with a surplus or margin of at least ten percent (10%) in excess, the commission shall so certify in its order approving the issuance of bonds.

SECTION 5. IC 8-1.5-2-19.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19.5. If a municipality desires to purchase and install equipment for its utility which requires more than three (3) months lead time for the supplier to make such equipment and installation available, the legislative body may, by ordinance, approve a contract therefor even though it does not have sufficient funds appropriated or on hand to pay for such purchase if the utility:

- (1) has annual net operating revenues for the immediately preceding calendar year sufficient to permit the municipality:
 - (A) to pay the principal of and interest on an issue of its utility revenue bonds in the principal amount necessary to fund such purchase (including engineering costs, legal costs, and costs of bond issuance associated therewith); and
 - (B) a margin of safety which it deems necessary to market such bonds on acceptable terms;
- (2) if required by section 19 of this chapter, has received approval from the commission to issue bonds, notes, or other obligations sufficient to fund such purchase; or
- (3) has received approval from the commission to raise its rates and charges in an amount sufficient to permit the issuance of said bonds.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 226 as printed February 22, 2008.)

WELCH









